capitals, and extending upward, covering the walls of the rotunda, were great Amer-lean flags. The wainscoting around the church was draped with the black musin church was draped with the black muslin and from the cornices hung festoons of Alabama smilax, gracefully falling to min-gle its green tints with flags that were looped upon the walls. The great central chandeller was festooned with green house chandeller was festooned with green house smilax and in the corners and embrasures were large palms, with masses of blooming flowers at their bases. Crimson and white azaleas were banked along the chancel, and immediately in front, at the end of the main aisle, rested the body of General Lawton, above the casket hauging the insignia of the 8th Army Corps, a white banner with a red figure like a solid 8 drawn horizontally in the center, draped in black. Large ribbons of the same mournful color stretched from the chandeller to the walls stretched from the chandelier to the walls in every direction. At the left of the altar was a magnificent floral reproduction of the insignia of the inspector's corps of the army, a wreath of laurel, with the sword army, a wreath of laurel, with the sword and fasces, fashloned from exquisite ex-otics, crossed behind it, while on the wreath was the motto, "Droit et Avant." This was the tribute sent this morning by General Breckinridge on behalf of his associates and himself. Numerous other floral offerings were sent to the church during the day, and in this respect the funeral tomorrow promises to be the most notable in the history of the national capi-tal.

at.

"Oh, if dear old Lawton could only see
his," exclaimed Major Johnston with deep
motion. "How his modest heart, only
eating to do his duty and do it faitholly, would throb!"

Admission to the church was vigorously denied save to those having actual business, such as newspaper men and the deco rators and undertakers, until 2 o'clock. throng passed through to look upon the ive casket that contained all that was al of one of the Union's greatest and beloved heroes, a peerless, soldier, a and modest gentleman.

## Make-Up of Funeral Train.

The Lawton funeral train consisted of a car containing baggage and also, until yesterday, the Philippine pony ridden by Manley Lawton, son of the dead general. Thnal was taken off at Indianapolis and sent to Pewee Valley, where the family are tion car in which the box containing the casket rested was just behind the baggage car. The section in which the remains were carried was opened on both sides, and some of the detail of men were constantly on

The box is eight feet long and over three feet wide and it is clesely wrapped in the American flag. When taken from the train the top was covered with floral tributes received at different points, and among faem are the palms and wreaths presented by Filipino admirers of Gen. Lawton. Among the wreaths are those presented by the town governments of Paranaque. Kara and San Mateo, which were established by Gen. Lawton, and one from the Manila Club. Each of these wreaths has tied to it a long purple ribbon, on which is marked in gilt letters the name of the giver. The wreath is said to be the highest mark of respect that a Filipino can show.

The interior of the car was entirely hung with national colors and bunting. The car next was that for the Lawton party, and a day ceach was added at Fort Wayne for the accommodation of the Indianapolis people. The box is eight feet long and over three

## Rapid and Safe Journey.

"Our trip from San Francisco," said Gen. Shafter, "was rapid and safe. We had at hands of the railroad officials over whose roads we passed every possible atm, and the journey was made as comfortable as possible for Mrs. Lawton and entire party. The whole length of the journey was marked by a display of the national colors at half staff. Whenever we cassed through any towns during the day train was met by large concourses of train was met by large concourses of lie. The exhibition of feeling in San leisco was as great as at any point. Lawton was well and kindly known he Pacific. The evidences of kindly patriotic feeling evinced at Fort the and in the capital of Indiana were marked and proved a source of great lication to Mrs. Lawton."

The official committee to represent the District of Columbia Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion at the funeral of General Lawton, who was a member of the commandery, will be the senfor vice commander, Rear Admiral Edwin Stewart, United States navy; the junior vice commander, Brevet Brigadier General Ellis Spear, United States volunteers; the chapiain, James H. Bradford, United States volunteers; General Royal T. Frank, United States army; General Henry V. Boynton, United States volunteers; Colonel George A. Woodward, United States army; Colonel Addison A. Hosmer, United States volunteers; Captain Benjamin P. Lamberton, United States navy; Colonel Clay Goodloe, United States marine corps; Major John S. Loud, United States army, and Captain Horace Noble, United States volunteers. ce commander, Brevet Brigadier General who is now in New York, will not return to this city until after the funeral of Major General Lawton Friday afternoon, Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, commandant of the Norfolk navy yard, wilf take his place as an honorary pallbearer on that occasion as Owing to the fact that Admiral Dewey

Secretary Alger's Representative. Although personally unable to attend the Lawton obsequies here, ex-Secretary Alger has sent to Washington all the way from Detroit, as his personal representative on that occasion, Mr. Victor L. Mason, formerly his private secretary while he occu-

# pled the post of Secretary of War. Mr. Meson brings with him a magnificent floral tribute from Gen. Alger. Ticket Holders Must Be Prompt. was announced at the War Depart

ment this afternoon that holders of seat tickets at the Church of the Covenant at the Lawton funeral services tomorrow afternoon must present them by 1:55 o'clock at the latest, as after that hour the tickets will be void, and all seats then vacant will he allotted to such army and navy officers in uniform who may not be otherwise pro-

vided for.

The selection of Rev. H. M. Woolsey Strycker to deliver the funeral oration at the obsequies was the personal act of the Secretary of War, who was governed in the matter by his own knowledge of the suitability of the choice. Dr. Strycker is president of Hamilton College. Clinton, N. Y., and is one of the most eminent divines of the Presbyterian Church, of which denomination Gen. and Mrs. Lawton have been members for many years.

War Department to Be Closed.

# War Department to Be Closed.

After consultation between the President and the Secretary of War this morning, it was decided, as a further mark of respect to the memery of Gen. Lawton, to close War Department and all its bureaus at I o'clock tomorrow afternoon, in order to permit the employes to attend the funeral of that distinguished soldier. Whether the same privilege will be extended to the em-ployes of the other executive describes f the other executive department determined this afternoon or to torrow mo.ning.

# Troops Coming, From Ft. Monroe.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. FORT MONROE, Va., February 8 .- A special steamer will leave here tonight, carring the entire Fort Monroe garrison to Washington to attend General Lawton's funeral tomorrow. The small guard left here will perform the ceremonies ordered by the War Department in honor of the dead general.

# Major Kingsbury Will Relieve Lieus

Fort Myer is to have a new commanding officer. Major Henry P. Kingsbury of the famous Troop A of the 6th Cavalry has received a majority in the 3d Cavairy, and will relieve Lieutenant Colonel Henry Jack-

Major Kingsbury's services at Fort San Juan and the siege of Santiago, where he was in command of a squadron of the 6th Cavalry, were most creditable, and he was nominated for a brevet majority. His many friends in Washington are much pleased that he will be at so pleasant and important station. He has many military friends in the District National Guard, with whom he has always maintained a very pleasant relationship.

in the Philippines.

## THE TAFT COMMISSION FOR PEACE AS WELL AS WAR SHORT SESSION OF HOUSE GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

mark of induigence to Gen. Otis and in recognition of the valuable and arduous services performed by him in the Philip oines during the past two years to gran that officer leave of absence, in order that he may come home and see his family and enjoy a short season of rest and recreation. Although he has made no formal applica-tion for leave of absence, Gen. Otis has plainly indicated in his private correspondnce that he would like a short respite from active duty long enough for him to see his

family and home again.

The date of his departure from Manila will depend mainly upon the state of affairs in the Philippines, but it is expected that he will have fully established the sov-ereignty of the United States in that quarer, so as to permit of his departure in the early spring.

It is stated at the War Department that there is nothing in the President's action to indicate any change of policy with respect to the government of the Philippines. Gen. Otis is not to be detached from command of the military forces there, but will be merely granted leave of absence, the command in the meantime naturally devolving upon Maj. Gen. MacArthur, as the senior officer present. Although the appointment of the Taft commission undoubtedly con-templates the eventual establishment of a templates the eventual establishment of a civil form of government in the archipelago, it is not calculated that such a change can be consummated for many months to come. In the meantime the military government will be continued in command of Gen. Otis, and in his temporary absence in command of Gen. MacArthur.

The exact powers of the new civilian Philippine commission have not yet been disclosed, but it is not expected that it will entirely supersede the existing military control at least until the insurrection has been completely suppressed and active military. completely suppressed and active military operations are no longer necessary for the preservation of law and order. It is expected that General Otis, regardless of his whereabouts, will continue to be in command of the troops in the Philippines until the Taft commission is fully prepared to inaugurate the proposed civil government of the islands.

Jurisdiction of the Taft Commission In all matters affecting the political affairs of the Philippines the military authorities will be subordinate to the Taff

ers and will act under the direct orders of he President and the Secretary of War.

President, and as such will be the governor general to all intents and purposes. The civil affairs of each military department will be administered by a civil commissioner, who will perform the functions of a territorial governor.

When the conditions justify it the military forces in the Philippines will be gradually withdrawn, but there is no prospect of such action for several months to come. The volunteers will be brought home in the order of their departure from the United order of their departure from the United States, but it is not likely that any of them will land on these shores before the winter of 1900 at the earliest.

# ADVICES FROM GEN. OTIS

## Reports of Casualties in Recent Operations.

Gen. Otis has informed the War Department of the following additional casualties among the treops in the Philippines:

G, 36th Infantry, 22d, at Dasel Zambales, George G. Knapp; L. 34th Infantry, 14th, at Carringlan, Neuva Ecilla, Thomas Griffin: B. 41st Infantry, February 2, at Ma balacat, August Costa; 32d Infantry, 6th, near Dinal rotjan Batsan, Lee S. Murphy, corporal; Leonard T. Brann, Bert R. Lane, Oliver H. Martin, Algernon S. Pressley George Welsh, K 18th Infantry.

Denny, L. 43d Infantry.
Samar, 27th, at Catbalagan, Edward Logan, Wounded, B. Patrick Duffy, corporal,

adjutant general, who has been adjutant general of the department of the Pacific and the 8th Army Corps at Manila, for several months past, has left for home on the transport Grant. On his arrival in this city he will be assigned to duty in the of-fice of the adjutant general at the War De-partment. Col. Merritt Barber, formerly adjutant general of the department of the east at New York will east at New York, will succeed Col. Barry as adjutant general of the troops in the Philippines.

insane men, 61 sick and 22 discharged so diers, and 4 general prisoners. During the voyage Corporal Martin A. Dillon, Company

voyage Corporal Martin A. Dillon, Company E. Signal Corps, died February 1, of tuberculosis, and Artificer Alfred Holmes, Company D. 14th Infantry, died on the 6th instant from the same disease.

The remains of Lieut. S. T. D. Bowman, 37th Infantry; Lieut. Ward Cheney, 15th Infantry; Corporal Lawrence De Witt, 32d Infantry; Privates E. N. Williams, 28th Infantry; Benjamin Howarth, 3d Infantry, and W. M. Brotherton, 11th Cavalry, were also aboard. The Pathan carried no military passengers and no remains, and no casualities occurred during the voyage. The Indiana transported over one hundred rastantes occurred during the voyage. In Indiana transported over one hundred bodies of deceased soldiers. A list of the remains will be furnished the departmen

# FOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Senator Nelson Authorized to Report His Substitute Bill. Snator Nelson was today authorized to report his substitute for the bill providing for a department of commerce, with a cabinet officer. An smendment was made to

# Sale of Securities.

There was a very large attendance of peo ple interested in local securities at the aucple interested in local securities at the auction rooms of C. G. Sloan & Company, 1407 G street, this morning, when, as advertised, some securities were sold. A ready sale was found for the stocks offered at what

was found for the stocks offered at what was considered good prices. The result of the sale was as follows

Ten shares Arlington Fire Insurance Co., \$150 per share; ten shares of Heurich Brewing Co., \$140 per share; twenty shares Real Estate Title Insurance Co., \$84.75 per share; twenty shares Northern (O street) Market Co., \$250 per share.

Greater Sea Power.

BERLIN, February 8.-The first reading of the naval bill took place in the reichstag today. The house and galleries were The secretary of the admiralty, Admiral Tirpitz; the secretary of the interior, Count von Posadowsky-Wehner, and the secretary of the treasury, Baron von Thielman, were present. A photographic apparatus was conspicuous in the gallery for the purpose of reproducing the

Admiral Tirpitz in introducing the bill said the historical events of the last two years had spoken in such clear language that the necessity for a strong fleet for Germany had been recognized in everwidening circles in the country. Those in favor of a great navy and those opposed to it differed essentially in regard to the scope, date and period for carrying into effect the increase of the fleet, and also concerning the form in which the question should be dealt with. But the reasons for increasing the navy could be summed up in a few words. The discrepancy between Germany's naval power and that of other countries was so great that the federal government saw therein a distinct danger if allowed to continue. Indeed, the danger appeared all the greater as the commercial competition of the world, according to all calculations, would become more severe during the next decade.

Navy Building Takes Time. said the historical events of the last two

Navy Building Takes Time. Any one desiring to examine the question of the navy must clearly understand that it is impossible to improvise navies. On the contrary, many years are required for their establishment. Least of all is it possible to improvise navies in the hour of danger. With this fact, he added, Germany will have to replice.

have to reckon.

The creation of navies, the secretary of

The creation of navies, the secretary of the admiralty continued, not only presents difficulties of a financial order, but, above all, is a question of material. Ships and their crews, squadrons and their commanders, cannot be conjured up with a stamp of the foot, but, with the accompanying dockyards and harbor works accessory thereto, they need long preparation.

When a clear idea has been formed regarding the increase of the fleet itself the next question will be how should it be effected? He recently had the opportunity to point out to the house that Germany cannot know what adversaries she may some day have to deal with, and that it was therefore necessary to adopt the principle of providing for the most dangerous opponent.

## Possibilities of War. To make an attempt to provide for every

ossible contingency would lead to an ineffectual division of power, and as far as one could see, it would be incompatible with the financial possibilities. The most dangerous war for Germany to be in would be one in which her army could not be used at the outset. In such a war Germany would require solely a strong fleet.

The admiral also pointed out that if a strong navy does not suffice to prevent at-tack, its next duty is to keep open the vital arteries of commerce on the German coast.

## TROOPS WERE CALLED OUT

Danger of Riot in Honolulu After Destruction of the Chinese Quarter.

Surgeon General Sternberg received a report this morning from Maj. Blair D. Tay-lor, the medical officer with the small detachment of United States troops at Honolulu. Hawaiian Islands, showing the dreadful fatality of the bubonic plague at that place, and the great distress prevailing among the people in consequence of the accidental destruction of a large part of the Chinese district by fire. His report is dated United States Military Hospital Hopolulu January 22, and says that up to date there have been forty-six cases of bubonic plague. with forty deaths.

"The whole town," says Maj. Taylor, "has been districted, and each house is inspected twice a day, with reference to keeping track of the inhabitants, discovering cases of disease and enforcing sanitary measures. On the 20th, while burning a part of Chinatown, the fire got away and destroyed nearly the whole of the district, rendering almost 4,000 Asiatics and natives homeless. These people are now corraled in different almost 4,000 Asiatics and natives homeless. These pepple are now corraled in different places, under guard, and are being fed at public expense. It is feared, however, that many of them got away in the confusion, with such of their household goods as they

many of them got away in the confusion, with such of their household goods as they could carry, and may spread the infection far and wide. The thorough burning of Chinatown, however, was providential.

"There being imminent danger of a riot on the 20th the two batteries of artillery were called out and are still on guard, but will return to camp today. I have obtained permission of the board of health to establish a temporary hospital for the reception of any case of plague which may occur among the men, and for the detention of suspects. This hospital will be located on ground controlled by the depot quartermaster and situated on the beach road almost half way between here and Camp McKinley. The location is excellent, being isolated, cool and on sandy soil. I shall visit the cases myself twice a day, taking due precautions, of course, and the chief nurse has volunteered her services in case the emergency arises. My medical supplies have arrived and I will have no difficulty in getting enough hospital corps men for the work. We have had a good deal of trouble at this hospital with the water supply since they have used so much in town during the burning of infected districts. The depot quartermaster, however, has a 5,000 gallon tank which he will put up here at once, which will give us an amtricts. The depot quartermaster, however has a 5,000 gallon tank which he will pu up here at once, which will give us an am ple supply in the future."

# THE CLARK CASE.

l'estimony Submitted Before the Sen-

W. M. Bickford, the Butte lawyer who assisted Senator Clark in his senatorial contest before the Montana legislature last winter, was again on the stand, and under cross-examination before the Senate committee on elections, when that committee resumed its investigation of the Clark case

The questioning brought out the fact that

The questioning brought out the fact that Mr. Bickford had made a visit to Stephens-ville to see Representative Wood before the meeting of the legislature; also that while Mr. Bickford was in the habit of stopping at the Helena Hotel when he went to Helena, he stayed at the Grand Central during the session of the legislature and that Representatives Wood, Black and Garr also spent the winter at the Grand Central.

Mr. Bickford said that he had paid the expenses of some of the witnesses in the

spent the winter at the Grand Central.

Mr. Bickford said that he had paid the expenses of some of the witnerses in the Wellcome disbarment proceeding. His best recollection was that he had obtained the money from Jesse B. Root, partner of Wellcome and an attorney for Mr. Clark. Mr. Root had also supplied the money for the payment of lawyers' fees in the proceedings against Whiteside and Kalispell. He had not asked Mr. Root where he had got the money, nor did he know where he had obtained it.

Frank E. Corbett of Butte, principal western counsel for Mr. Clark, testified to a conversation he had had with Marcus Daly in the Netherlands Hotel in New York December 24 or 26, 1898, just prior to the meeting of the Montana legislature in the following January, in which Daly said, according to the statement of the witness, "I want to say to you now that if Clark shows his head in the senatorial race, it he is even nominated for the Senate, you fellows will hear something drop that will drive Clark and his friends out of politics and some of them to the penitentiary."

The next witness was former Governor S. T. Hauser, who testified at length in regard to the legitimate expenses of conducting elections in Montana. gard to the legitimate expeducting elections in Montana.

Will Be Granted a Leave of Ab- Read in Reichstag Today for the First Messrs. Allen and Cockrell Address Tendency of Stocks Was Generally the Senate in Opposition.

# RECOGNITION OF ARDUOUS SERVICES ADMIRAL TIRPITZ PRESENTS IT REPORTS ON PORTO RICO'S TARIFF SOME

Will Not Be Relieved of Command He Explains the Empire's Need of "Old Ironsides" to Be Restored to Sugar Improved Slightly on Cover-Former Condition.

In the Senate today a House bill was passed granting the New Orleans levee oard authority to move the existing lines n front of the United States Marine Hos ital in New Orleans.

After morning business had been con-cluded, Mr. Allen (Neb.) resumed his speech on the financial bill which he began yester-

Recurring to his discussion of the position of the republican party on bimetallism he said that, notwithstanding the promise made by that party and the fact that it had a majority in both branches of Congress, it had not done by legislation or otherwise one thing to restore silver to its otherwise one thing to restore silver to its former position as standard money. In the closing hours of the century a great political party had been guilty by false pretenses and gross fraud of obtaining the votes of the people.

He declared that while the bimetallic commission sent abroad had acted in good faith, he had no doubt that its efforts were systematically discredited by the administration at home.

latin, he had no doubt that its efforts were systematically discredited by the administration at home.

At the conclusion of Mr. Allen's remarks Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) addressed the Senate in opposition to the pending bill.

He discussed first the bill passed by the House, and then the Senate substitute presented by the finance committee. Referring to the proposition in the House bill to fix the standard in gold, he declared: "Such unqualified, unblushing repudiation of legislative obligations has not been proposed in the history of the country."

It was in plain violation of the Constitution, which provides that each state shall make gold and silver coin as legal tender, not gold or silver coin.

He challenged anybody to say how the bill would benefit the great producing classes, although he said it was easy to realize that the measure would be largely beneficial to the holders of accumulated wealth.

## THE HOUSE.

At the opening of the session of the House oday Mr. Payne, chairman of the committee on ways and means, presented the report upon the Porto Rican tariff bill. Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) presented the views of he minority and Mr. McCall (Mass.) pre sented a separate dissenting opinion. Mr. Payne gave notive that he would call the bill up on Thursday, February 15.

Mr. Weeks (Mich,) took occasion as matter of personal privilege, to denounce some publications in Virginia papers relative to the Wise-Young contest as false. Mr. Butler (Pa.) asked unanimous con sent that the Secretary of the Navy be auhorized to place the frigate Constitution thorized to piace the frigate Constitution (Old Ironsides), now at Boston, in the same condition she was while in active service. It was explained that the work was to be done under the auspices of the Massachusetts State Society, the cost to be defrayed by popular subscription.

There was no objection and the bill was nassed.

There was no objection and the bill was passed.

The House then proceeded to the call of committees. Several minor bills were passed by the judiciary committee.

Two bills from the committee on merchant marine and fisheries requiring certain lights on steam pilot boats at anchor and requiring masters of vessels to make reports of collisions were passed.

A bill was passed to amend the act to relieve certain enlisted men of the navy and marine corps from the charge of desertion so as to extend the time within which applications for such relief may be filed.

At 1:20 p.m. the House adjourned until tomorrow.

# RESIGNATION TENDERED. Deputy Auditor Daniel A. Grosvenor's

Position is in Doubt. Daniel A. Groevenor, deputy auditor for the War Department, has tendered his resignation to President McKinley, and the matter of its acceptance is under consideration at the Treasury Department, to which it was sent from the White House. In some clicles it is stated that the President will probably refuse to accept the resignation, but the best information is that the matter is held temporarily in abeyance and that it will finally result in Mr. Grosvenor either

eaving his present position permanently or being transferred to some other position or being transferred to some other position of less prominence and salary.

It is pretty well known in departmental circles that the resignation has come about over Auditor Morris' charges that Mr. Grosvenor was not performing the duties of his office satisfactorily. Friction has existed in the office of the auditor for the War Department of late. Some friction is said to have existed during the incumbency of Colonel Brown, who is now the auditor for the Navy Department. When Mr. Morris took charge of the office of auditor for the War Department he insisted on all the men in the department complying with certain rules and regulations that the government might catch up with work which was far

rules and regulations that the government might catch up with work which was far behind, he said. In carrying out these rules Mr. Grosvenor clashed with Mr. Morris' ideas of the way business should be trans-

acted.

The differences have been partially settled at times, but at last reached a point where Auditor Morris insisted on a change. He was backed by the treasury authorities and Mr. Grosvenor handed in his resigna Representative Grosvenor is a brother of

Auditor Morris is from Ohio, and it is thought will be supported in his efforts to better the efficiency of his department.

## CASE OF MR. TOWLES. Bond Required of Him in the Sum of \$10,000.

Gilbert B. Towles, who was arrested at Harrisburg, Pa., on a charge of forgery, as published in yesterday's Star, was brought here late yesterday afternoon by Detective Helan and taken to the first precinct station. The police made him comfortable for the night in the witness room, where he conferred with his counsel, Mr. A. A. Lipscomb, and several relatives and friends. This morning he was taken to the Police Court, where the warrant sworn out Tuesday by Detective McNamee was filed

day by Detective McNamee was filed against him.

As stated yesterday, this warrant charges that the defendant altered a note indorsed by Zenas C. Robbins. This note, it is alleged, Towles negotiated. It is stated that notes in blank were given Mr. Towles to fill out when payments on the tract of land at Gettysburg had to be made.

When the case was called to the attention of Prosecuting Attorney Mullowny this morning the amount of Mr. Towles' bond was fixed at \$15,000, but this was later reduced to \$10,000. The case was continued for a week. In the meantime it is expected the grand jury will make a report on the case. The findings of the grand jury will decide what action the government will take. It is believed the case will not be heard in the Police Court, because when the grand jury takes action the case will not be heard in the Police Court.

About noon Mr. Towles was released on \$10,000 bonds. Mr. J. Blake Kendall and Mr. Harris, of Harris & Schafer becoming his sureties.

Mr. Rowles said to a Star reporter this

Harris, of Harris & Schaler Decoming his sureties.

Mr. Rowles said to a Star reporter this morning that he did not care to discuss the case at this time. He explained that he was away from the city on account of his health. Shortly before Christmas, he said, he was injured by a Metropolitan electricar, and he afterward suffered an attack of nervous prostration. He went away, he added, because he was advised to do so by his abvesician. Baltimore Markets. The Lincoln Birthday Association of Buffalo, N. Y., has a fund of about \$10,000 to erect a monument to Lincoln.

Reactionary Today.

BUYING FROM LONDON

ing by the Shorts.

NEW YORK, February 8 .- London bought fluence of the more encouraging advices from South Africa. The demand from all sources was soon supplied, however, and the market became reactionary in tone, but prices yielded with some resistance. selling at the advance during the last few days has undoubtedly represented, to a considerable degree, accounts which were inadequately margined during the December difficulties and which have since becarried by brokers at their own risk.

Selling of this character has at least been expected, and if it should develop that it has been accomplished one source of fear will have been eliminated from the situa-For a time the selling of Union Pacific

was construed to mean some disappoint-ment in its dividend prospects. Traders sought to depress the general market on the theory that the large trading in Union Pacific could only be for the accounts of inside interests having knowledge of the prob-

side interests having knowledge of the probable outcome of today's board meeting.
This argument was nullified later in the day by the official declaration of 1½ per cent on the common stock and 2 per cent on the preferred. The rate on the common stock was the most that had been expected, but once the disbursement was sanctioned the speculative influence of the dividend ceased and profits were taken on previous purchases.

The selling, however, found a more willing market than is usual in such cases, and the stock had every appearance of going into strong hands and at small concessions.

going into strong hands and at small con-cessions.

The general list was less fortunate, the selling being decidedly conspicuous and the buying only half confident. There was nothing unfavorable in sight, but traders were inclined to the opinion that some set-back was due and accordingly shaped their commitments so as to profit by the de-cline.

commitments so as to profit by the decine.

In sugar there was considerable covering, and the rally was scarcely consistent with the volume of the business. Should the short interest be out of this stock to the short interest be out of this stock to the short interest be out of this stock to the stock to the stock to the stock to the part of the market, new selling would be within reasonable expectation. The selling of the steel and wire shares continues from time to time, but reports of earnings are all encouraging, and this group continues to be looked upon as among the more likely leaders of an advancing market.

The investment shares and some of the issues occupying a middle ground find a ready demand, but the interests in charge of the market movement do not press these properties to the front in the presence of a desire to sell. The public demand must be encouraged and the plan of allowing for frequent digestive periods, during which outside interests may become accustomed to the new level, is one that usually produces good results.

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market.

	Market Street	100000000			1 11
martan Catter Ou	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	111
merican Cotton Oil	35	35	35	85	1 11
. S. Wire	58	58	563/4	571/4	111
m. Steel & Wire pfd	941/2	1183	9312	98%	H
merican Sugar	112	11837	1103	113	П
merican Tobacco	1061/2	107	105	10656	1 11
tchison		643%	20%	2052	1 11
tenison, pid	640	6492	631	685	1 11
saitimore & Ohio not		78	77	771%	H
Saltimore & Ohio, w 1	621.2	6967		62%	l ii
Baltimore & Ohio, w 1 BrooklynRapid Transit	6212	626	611/3 721/3	78	
Desabeake & Oblo	3013	3012	DOA 7	005	-
., C. C. & St. Louis hicago, B. & Q	63	63	62	621,9	=
hicago, B. & O	1261/4	1261/4	1243	1251	
bic & Northwestern	120/4	12074	124%	120%	X
hicago Gas	1081/4	1001	*********	*******	
. M. and St. Paul	100%	1081/4	107	1081	H
biongo P I & David	12434	125	1233/4	124/4	fr
ble St P. I. & Pacine	1091/2	10934	108%	10912	fi
hicago R. I. & Pacific hic., St P., M. & O hic. & G. Western	*******	******	*******		100
nic. & G. Western	1414	1414	14	14	G
	191	1937	191	198%	
on. Tobacco, pfd	85	85	84	84%	146
on. Tobacco, pfd	853	8584	85	85	8.
CIRWELE & HUGSON		300			8
ederal Steel	5614	561/2	551/	563/4	d
ederal Steel, pfd	76	76	75%	563/9 753/4	
ewerer Electric	10000				
llinois Central	113	1131/2	118	1183/2	M
ouisville & Nashville	818/	8178	811/	8132	
letropolitan Traction	1783	181	177	178	
annattan Elevated	0817		Det 1	1/0	
issouri Pacific	47	4752	9774 4574	97%	
I., K. & T., pfd	948/	8452	90/8	60%	
ational Lead Co	348/8 27/8	27/2	84	34	
ew Jersey Central	110/8	110/8	27%	27%	
ew York Central, X-rts.	118	118	118	118	
orthern Pacific	135	13514	1341/8	583	W
orthern Pacific and	751	541/2	53%	5834	
orthern Pacific, pfd	70	751/	7412	/2	
acific Mailennsylvania R. R	421	421/2	411/2	42	10
ennsylvania R. R.	134	134	182	1323/4	
eading, 1st pfd	57	571/4	56%	565%	111
outhern Pacific	397	40	39	399	10 3
outhern Railway	1212	12½ 57¾	1214 5634	129	M
outhern Railway, pfd.	57%	57%	5632	57	M
exas Pacific	17	1712	1612	107/	A
enn. Coal and Iron	100	100	96	au ( 7	8
nion Pacific.	5034	50%	495/6	502	-24
nion Pacific, pfd	77%	771/4	761/	7682	100
. S. Leather, pfd	77 8	77	7612	76	C
.S. Kupper	0007	283/	38	88	L
abash. pfd	2132	383/8	21	211/	
estern Union Tel	871	8712	84	211/2 84%	
olorado Fuel and Iron	47			00/9	
eather	173	47	45/2	461/4	-
ntario & Western	173/8	2472	1672	17	8
mento de mestern	127003500.00	24.66	9507	941/	HOK

## Western ..... 247 234 2414 Washington Stock Exchange.

Salos—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Real Estate Title Insurance, 5 at 85½. Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 199½, 2 at 199½, 2 at 199½, 2 anston Monotype, 00 at 15, 10 at 15, 10 at 15, 100 at 14½, 40c at 14½, 40c at 14½, 100 at 15, 10 at 11, 11 at 10 at 11, 100 at

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Raliroad 58, 171 bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Raliroad 58, 122 bid. Metropolitan Raliroad cert. Indebt., A, 112 bid, 113 asked. Metropolitan Raliroad cert. Indebt., B, 113 bid, 117 asked. Columbia Raliroad 68, 126 bid, 121 asked. Columbia Raliroad 22 mort. 58, 114 bid, 121 asked. Columbia Raliroad 22 mort. 58, 113 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 68, 113 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 68, 113 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 68, 113 bid. Washington Gas Co. series B, 68, 113 bid. U. S. Electric Light deb. Imp. 68, 113 bid. Washington Market Co. 181 68, 113 bid. Washington S. 108 bid. American Graphopbone d-b. 58, 100 bid. National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 337 bid, 400 asked. Metropolitan, 545½ bid, 575 asked. Central, 180 bid. Farmers and Mechanics. 200 bid. Second, 180 bid. Cittsens., 130 bid. Columbia, 135 bid. Columbia, 136 West End, 117 bid. Traders, 120 bid. American Security and Trust, 197 bid, 200 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 197 bid, 200 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 197 bid, 200 asked. Washington Security and Trust, 197 bid, 200 asked. Corocran, 60 bid. Potomac, 73 bid. Arilington, 149½ bid. German-American, 210 bid. National Union, 10% bid. Columbia, 12 bid, 134, asked. Riggs, 8 bid. 856 asked. Peoples, 6, 56 bid. 676 asked. Commercial, 4 bid, 5 asked. District Title, 35 bid. Mestropolitan Traction, 91% bid, 90 asked. Commercial, 4 bid, 5 asked. District Title, 35 bid. Raliroad Stocks.—Commercial, 205 bid. Secondon 110 bid. 110 ellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s,

asked. City and Suburban, 25½ bid. Georgetown, 16 bid.
Gas Stocks.—Washington Gas, 54½ bid, 54% asked.
Georgetown Gas, 55 bid.
Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 68%
bid, 71½ asked. Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 48 usked.
Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 199½ bid, 199½ asked. Lanston Monotype, 14½ bid, 14% asked. American Graphophone, 11% bid, 11% asked. American Graphophone preferred, \*11½ bid, 12 asked. Pheumatic Gun Carriage, .22 bid, .25 asked. Washington Market, 13 bid. Lincoln Hall, 65 bid.
\*Ex. dividend.

Government Bonds.

# Another Big Friday Wise Shoe-Buyers

Tomorrow Hahn & Co.'s 3 Busy Stores.

The broken sizes of Jacob Reed's Sons' Men's and Boys' Finest Shoes at our Seventh Street Store and the ends of many

of our regular lines will be found on the Odds and Ends Tables at all our 3 Stores tomorrow only-marked down to less than the materials in the Shoes originally cost. The qualities are all right,-but we need the shelf room,-and if your size is amongst them, you may secure a rare, real bargain.

# Special One-Day Bargains Jacob Reed's Sons' Men's and Boys' Shoes.

10,-B, C and D, 8 to \$ 1 .50

55 pairs \$4 and \$5 French Calf Men's Hand sewed Laced, pointed toes, A, B and C widths, 5 to 11; D width, 7 to \$1.00

Little Boys' \$3 Patent Leather Hand-made Nobby Laced Shoes,—
A to D widths, sizes 10 \$ 1 • 00

Nonths' \$2.00 sewed Laced Shoes, — A sewed Laced Shoes, — A to D widths, sizes 10 to \$ 1 .00

# At All Our Three Stores: On 19C. Table. On 65C. Table.

Ladies' \$1 Alaskas, -size 214. Men's Clog \$1 Rubbers,-sizes 5 to 6.

Men's 75c. Rubbers,-sizes 10 to 11. Misses' and Child's 40c. Rubbers,-

Men's and Women's Bath-room Slip-pers,-nearly all sizes. 18 pairs Child's Damaged Shoes,-were 75c. and \$1.

On 95C. Table.

15 pairs Ladies' Black Beaded Open work \$2 Sandals, --broken sizes.

23 pairs Ladies' \$2 Wine-color Satin Quilted Boudoir Juliet and House Slip-pers,—broken sizes.

# Child's Dix's \$1.25 Kid Shees,-broken

Ladies' \$1.25 Red Felt Juliets,—broken sizes.

Ladies' \$1.25 Dolge's and other makes Cardinal Bed-room Slippers, with very flexible leather soles,—nearly all sizes.

\$1.50 and \$1.25 Black Kid Ballet Dancing Slippers, — Ladies', Misses' and Child's,—broken sizes.

Boys' Crackproof Calf and Satin Calf Spring-heel Laced, -9 to 131/2.

Girls' \$1 Kid and Box Calf Shoes .-

On \$1.35 Table. 16 pairs Ladies' \$3 Vesting-top Patent Leather Laced, -sizes 2 to 4.

37 pairs Ladies' \$3 Fine Vici Kid Hand-made Boots, sizes 2 to 415. 29 pairs Men's \$2 and \$2.50 Double-sole and Lewther-lined Tan and Black Storm Shoes,—mostly large sizes, widths B to E.

WM. HAHN & CO.'S 3 Reliable Shoe Houses.

1914 - 1916 PA, AVE, 233 PA. AVE. S.E.

COR. 7TH AND K STS.

yellow, 39a40. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 31a314;; No. 2 mixed, 29a294. Rye dull; No. 2 western, 58. Hay easy; No. 1 timothy, \$15.50 asked. Grain freights dull, rates frm. Sugar, cheese and butter irm, unchanged. Eggs, 14c.

OHIOAGO, February 8.—1 10 Open.
Pork—May. 11.15
July. 11.25
Lard—May. 6.15
July 6.25
Ribs—May. 6.19
6.06 Low. 11.15 11.25 6.15 6.25 6.02 6.05 High. 11.30 11.30 6.20 6.30 6.12 6.15 July.....
Lard—May....,
July.....
Ribs—May....
July....

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

treet Railway Bills Acted On by the House Committee.

A Street Extension Measure Also Favorably Reported Upon.

The House committee on the District of Columbia met this morning in executive session after the railroad hearing, and favorably reported three railroad bills and s

street extension bill. A favorable report was made on the bill to extend the tracks of the Capital Traction Company on F and G streets west of the State. War and Navy bullding. This extension was provided for in House bill 2826. along with other extensions. The commit tee took this particular extension from the bill reported by the District Commissioners and reported it as a substitute for the whole measure. The route of the exten-

sion is as follows: Beginning at the corner of 17th street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, double tracks south to G street; then single track west on G street to 25th street; north on 25th street to Pennsylvania avenue; also beginning at 17th and G streets, south on 17th street by single track to F street; west on F street to 26th street; north on 26th street to Pennsylvania avenue: Provided, That for the purpose of furnishing a loop when necessary a single track may be extended along G street from 25th street to 26th street, connecting with the single tracks in 25th and 26th streets.

East Washington Heights Traction Co A favorable report was ordered on House bill 4604, as amended by the Commission ers, as follows: That the charter of the East Washing-

ton Heights Traction Railroad Company be amended so as to authorize the laying of tracks from its present authorized terminus at the western approach to the Pennsylvania avenue bridge, thence north on 17th street east to East Capitol street; thence west on East Capitol street to 15th street east, connecting with the Metropolitan railway; also from the intersection of Minnesota avenue and Harrison street westerly on Harrison street to Pierce street; southerly on Pierce street to Jackson street; westerly along Jackson street to Monroe street; also northward along the Anacostia road to connect with the Columbia railway at Benning, over a route to be provided by the Commissioners; provided that said railway shall be removed from Anacostia road and placed in Minnesota avenue within one year after said avenue is opened up as a public thoroughfare.

The time for the completion of the road mended so as to authorize the laying of

is extended for the term of two years from

condemn the land that may be necessary for the extension of Columbia road east of 13th street, through block 23 of Columbia Heights, with a width of 60 feet, so that the western terminus of Steuben street will be connected in a direct manner with the eastern terminus of Columbia road as now located west of 13th street.

Sec. 2. That of the amount found to be due and awarded as damages for and in respect of the land condemned for the extension of Columbia road as herein provided one-half thereof shall be assessed by the jury as benefits, and to the extent of such benefits against those pieces or parcels of land on each side of said Columbia road as extended through block 23 of Columbia Heighte, and also on any or all pieces or parcels of land which will be benefited by the extension of Columbia road; and in determining the amounts to be assessed against said pieces or parcels of land the jury shalf take into consideration the respective situations of such pieces or parcels of land and the benefits they may severally receive from the extension of Columbia road.

The bill contains several sections in additional conditions and the such pieces or ball contains several sections in additional conditions.

The bill contains several sections in addi-The Dill contains several sections in addi-tion, providing for the legal proceedings in condemnation; the power of the court to hear objections; the payment of the awards out of the revenues of the District, and then says:

but of the revenues of the says:
Section 8. That when confirmed by the Section 8. That when confirmed by the court the several assessments herein provided to be made shall severally be a lien upon the land assessed, and shall be collected as special improvement taxes in the lected as special improvement taxes. upon the land assessed, and shall be lected as special improvement taxes in District of Columbia, and shall be pay n four equal annual installme in four equal annual installments, with in-terest at the rate of 4 per centum per an-

num until paid.

Section 9. That each jutor shall receive as compensation the sum of \$5 per day for his services during the time he shall be actually engaged in such services under the provisions hereof.

Section 10. That the sum of \$300 is hereby appropriated out of the revenues of the

appropriated out of the revenues of District of Columbia to provide the ne-sary funds for the costs and expenses the condemnation proceedings taken [ suant hereto.
Section 11. That no appeal by any inter-Section II. That no appeal by any interested party from the decision of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia confirming the assessment or assessments herein provided for, nor any other proceeding at law or in equity by such party, against the confirmation of such assessment of assessment of assessment of assessment of assessment the payment of awards to others in respect to the property condemned.

Election of President. At the afternoon session of the master painters, the secretary-treasurer submitted his report for the year, showing that \$821.94 had been received and \$635.79 dis-bursed, leaving a balance in the treasury of

Messrs. Edwards, Hand and Allan were appointed a committee to have analyses of paints, oils and varnishes made in the in-terest of improving the trade. Francis F. Black of Philadelphia was elected unanimously as president of the national association for the coming year.

Extension of Telegraph Wires. In the Senate today Mr. Wellington in troduced a joint resolution providing that the United States Postal Printing Telegraph Company be authorized to extend the existing system of wires of said company to such extent within the District of Columbia as it may deem necessary, which wires may be used for telegraph and tele-phone purposes. This extension is to be made by means of underground conduits.

Sergeant Beverly Perea, Company B, 24th Infantry, has been appointed a second lieutenant in the 49th Volunteer Infantry, now serving in the Philippines, and will join that regiment at the first opportunity.

# TO COMMAND AT FORT MYER

son, who has been promoted and assigned to the 5th Cavalry at New York.

# OTIS TO COME HOME GERMAN NAVAL BILL ON CURRENCY BILL FINANCE AND TRADE

# Not to Be Relieved of Command.

It is not probable, however, that the new emmission will arrive in Manila and organize much before the 1st of June. Judge Taft, as the president of the commission, will be the direct representative of the President, and as such will be the governor

Killed: Luzon, F, 25th Infantry, January 3, at Iba, Sherman Shepard; E, 3d Cav-

Panay, January 11, at Panitan, John H

Return of Col. Barry. Lieut. Col. Thomas H. Barry, assistant

Troopships Arrive at San Francisco. The War Department was informed today of the arrival of the transports Indiana, Pathan and Sherman, at San Francisco, from Manila. Aboard the Sherman were Majs. Cook, 26th Infantry, and Matthews, surgeon; Capt. Bolton, 16th Infantry; Lieuts. Dorey, 4th Infantry; Wetherill, 6th Infantry; Vicars, 21st Infantry, and Ferguson, 36th Infantry; 8 hospital corps men,

take the patent office from the Interior De-partment and include it in the new depart-rent. The other provisions of the bill have been published.